## The Networked Platform Revolution:

Why integrated systems are replacing stand-alone products and what it means for business

A talk in three parts:

PART ONE

From stand-alone products to integrated systems

PART TWO

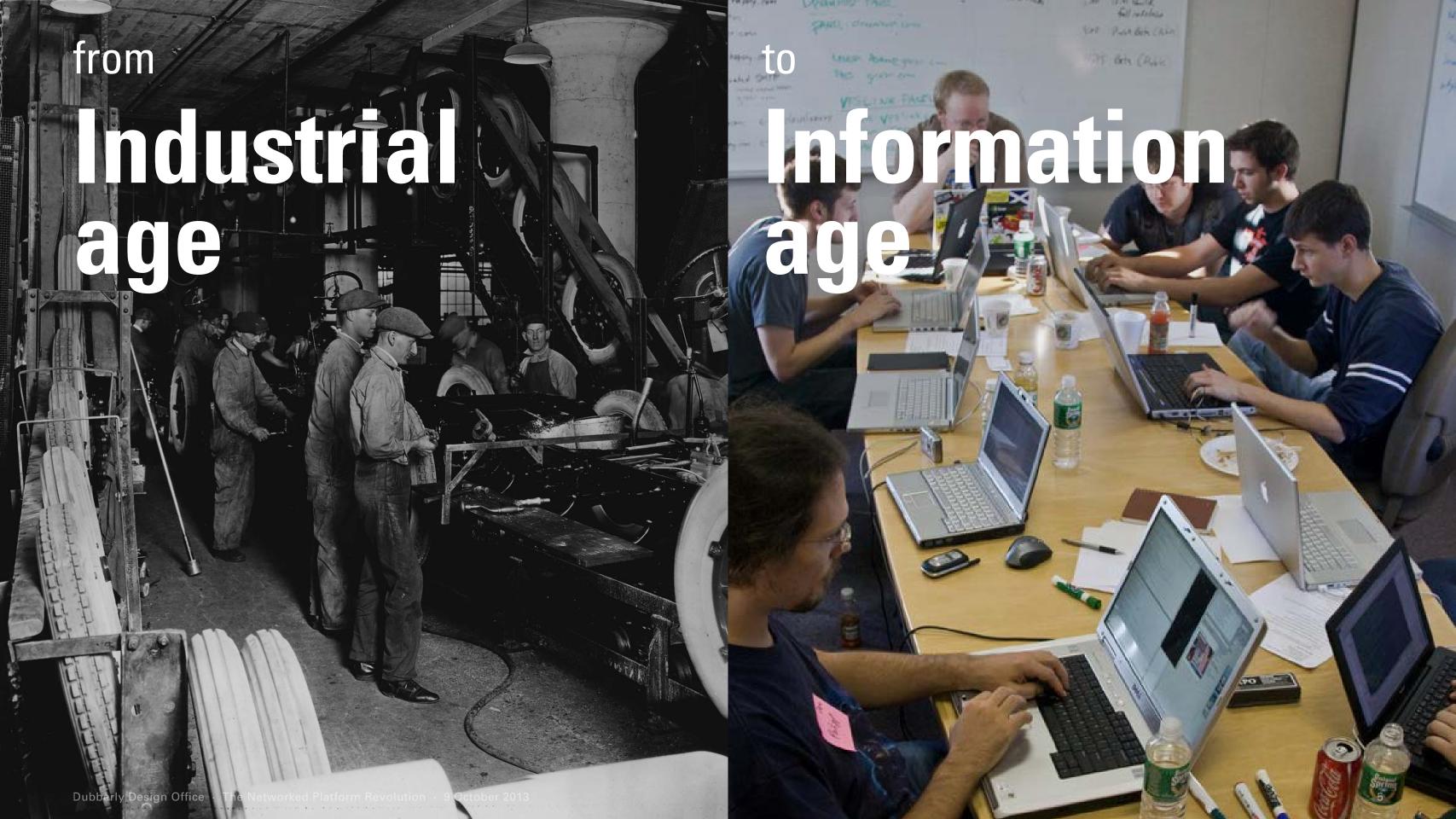
The role of platforms

PART THREE

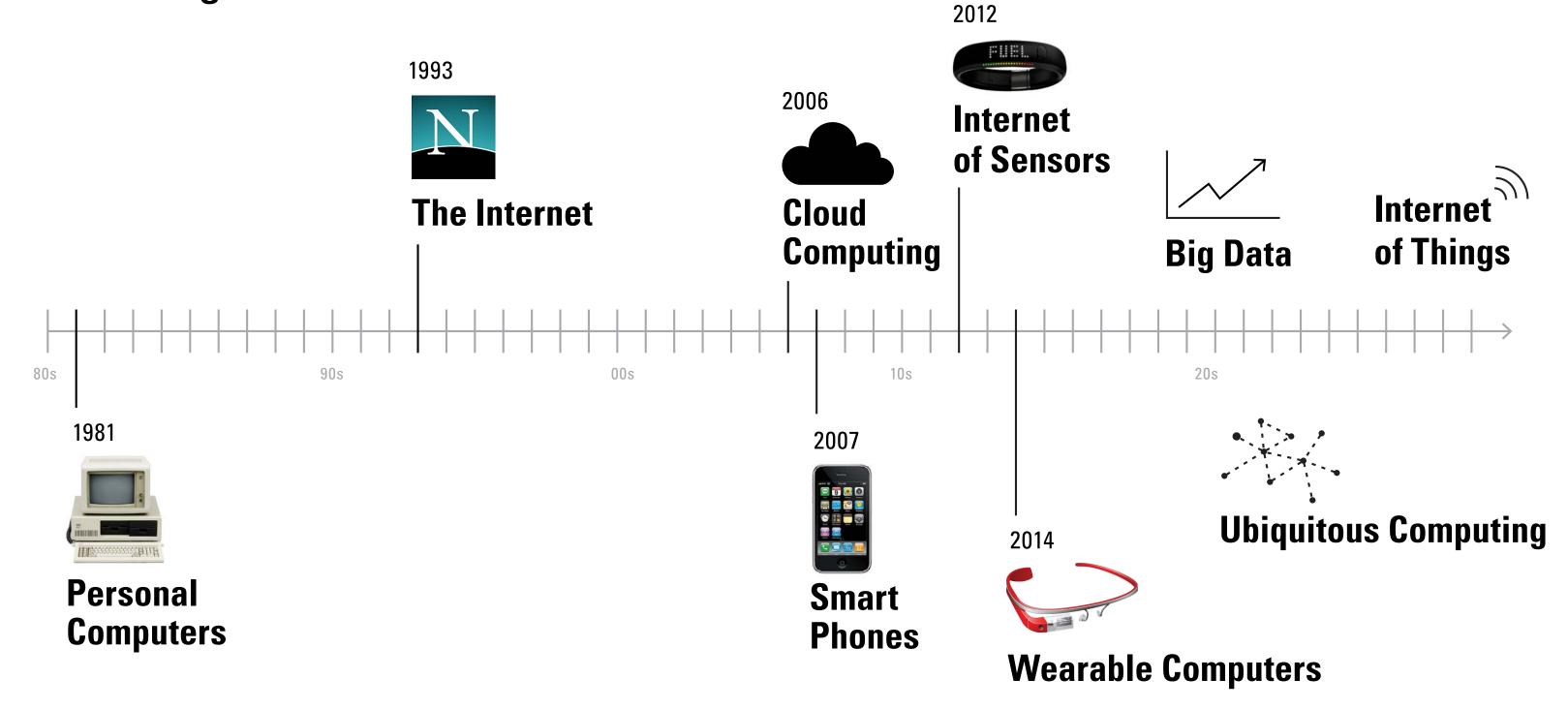
Some implications

## From stand-alone products to integrated systems

# We are in the midst of a fundamental shift in how we view the world.



## Several "revolutions" are interacting, fostering "combinatorial innovation."



#### **Product Eras**

Subsistence	Craft	Manufacturing	Information
Made at home as needed	Made one at a time by specialists	Made in large editions by teams	Made on demand by anyone
Used at home	Used by others, often known by the maker	Used by others, almost always unknown to the makers	Tailored to each user, by definition known to the system
Sourced by user	Sourced locally	Distributed globally	Available anywhere, anytime
Hunting + gathering	Agriculture	Power sources	Computers
Family groups	Cities	Shipping networks	Data networks

# The shift in world view is changing the nature of products.

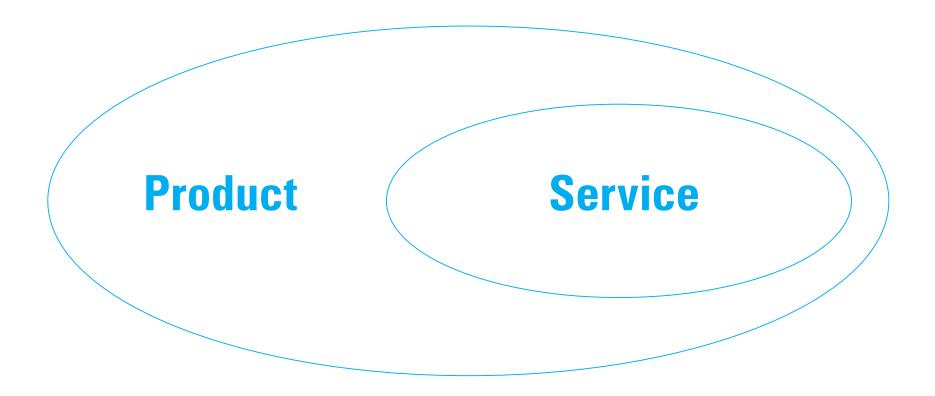
from

## Objects

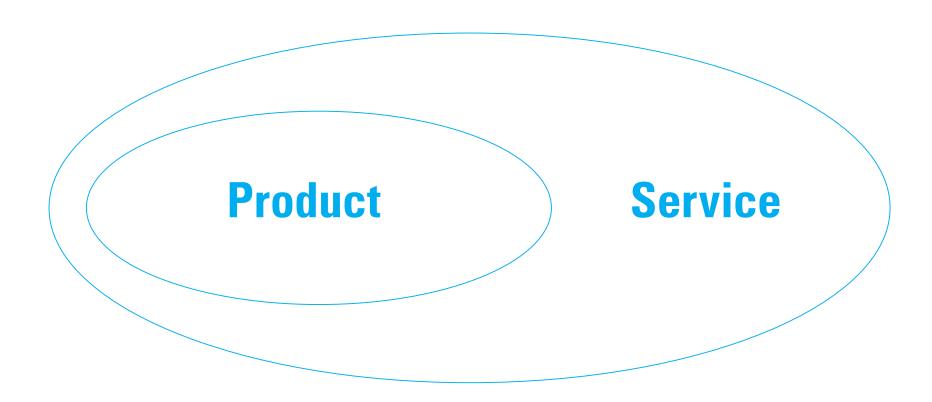




Traditionally, "products" has meant not just hard goods but also information and services.



In the last 20—30 years, "services" have become a way to deliver "products."



"... commercial products are best treated as though they were services."

It's not what you sell a customer, it's what you do for them.

It's not what something is, it's what it's connected to, what it does.

Flow becomes more important than resources, Behavior counts."





## Formerly "shrink-wrapped" software is now being "rented."



**Adobe Creative Cloud** 

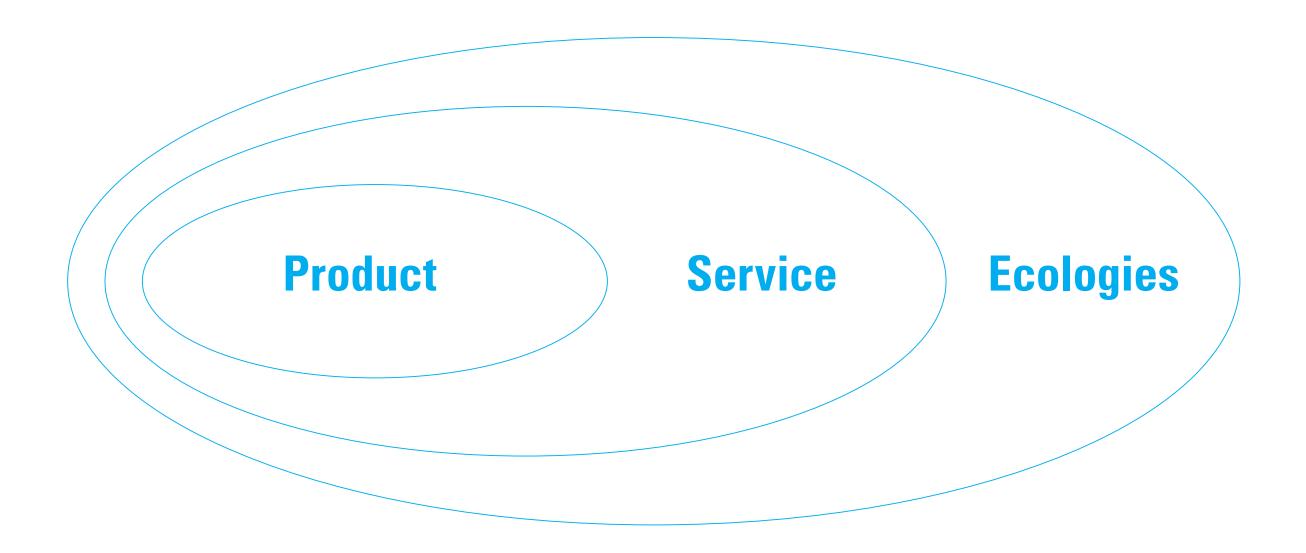


Autodesk 360



Microsoft Office 365

More recently, services are connecting to integrated systems, forming product service ecologies.



"... networks of products, services, technology, people, and collective and collaborative interaction are generating value for the populations they serve."



— Jodi Forlizzi, CMU

#### The "Space" of Products

	Product ("stuff")	Service (delivering products)	Ecology (connecting services, etc)
Primary level	Materials + Labor (sell)	Processes + Interaction (coordinate)	Networks + Cooperation (co-create + co-evolve)
Meta level	Tools (make more stuff)	Platforms (make new types of products + services)	Language (build knowledge)

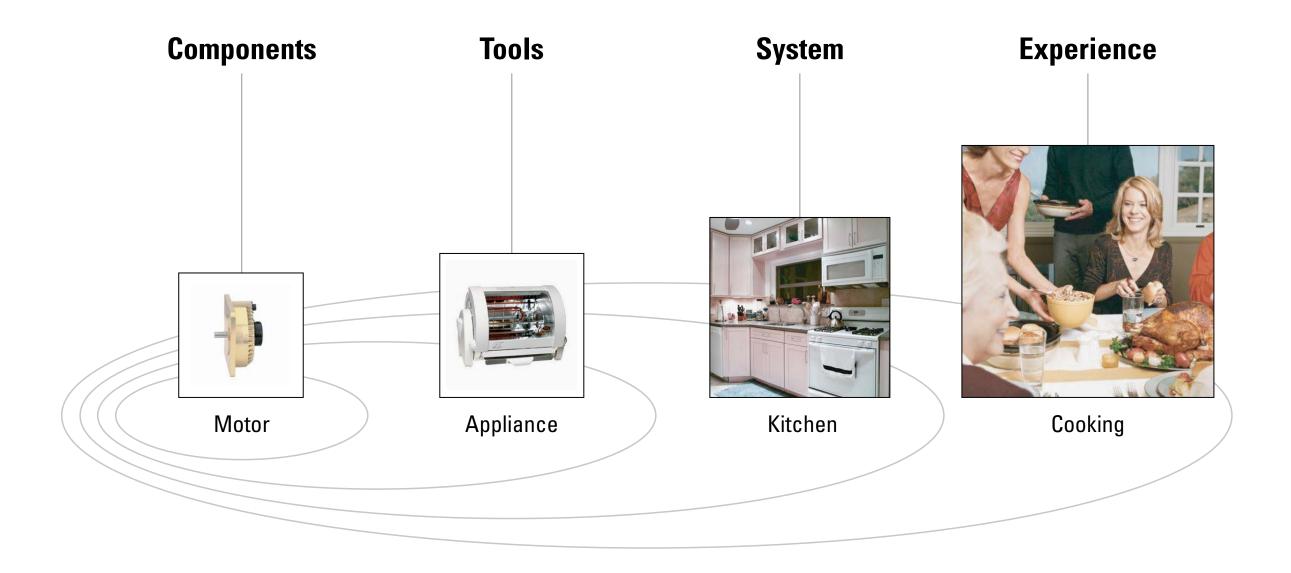
#### **Stages of Experience**

—Pine & Gilmore

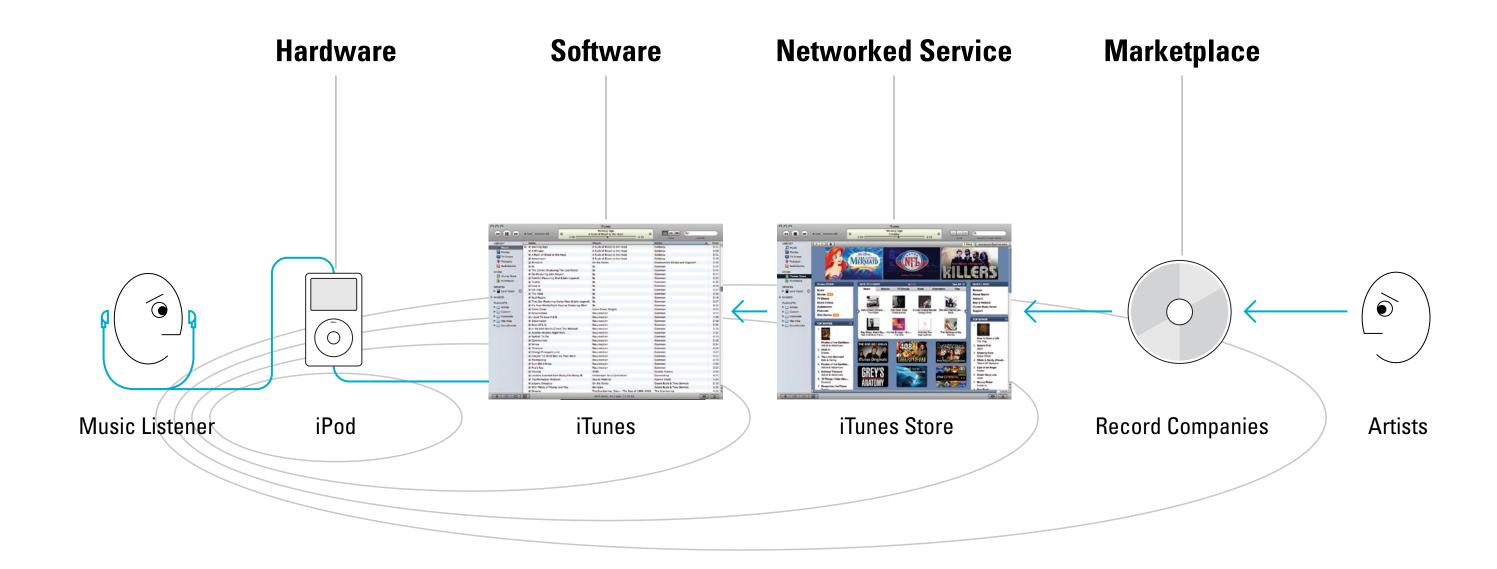
Commodity	Goods	Service	Experience
	Folgers PLANCE ROOM	Denny®	RBUCK CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY O
<b>1¢-2¢</b> Per Cup	<b>5¢-25¢</b> Per Cup	<b>75¢-\$1.50</b> Per Cup	<b>\$2-\$5.00</b> Per Cup
Beans	Roasted and ground	Brewed and served	Treating yourself to something special

#### Market-space

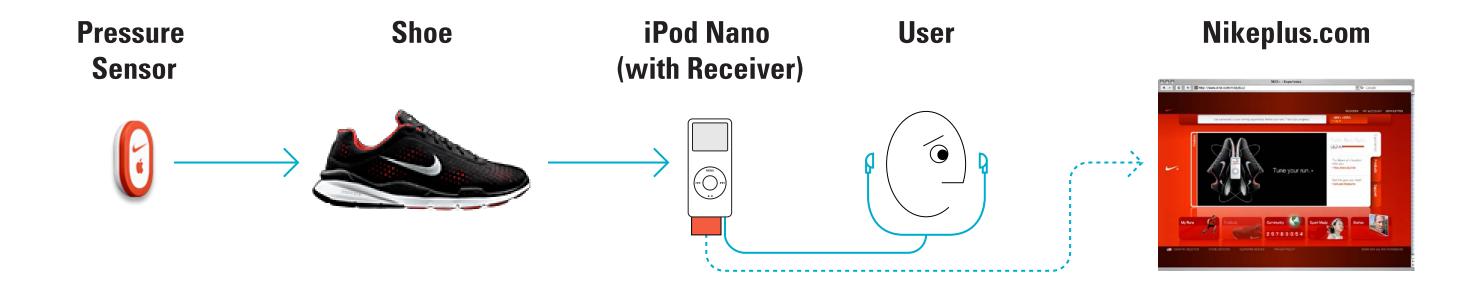
—Rheinfrank & Murrell



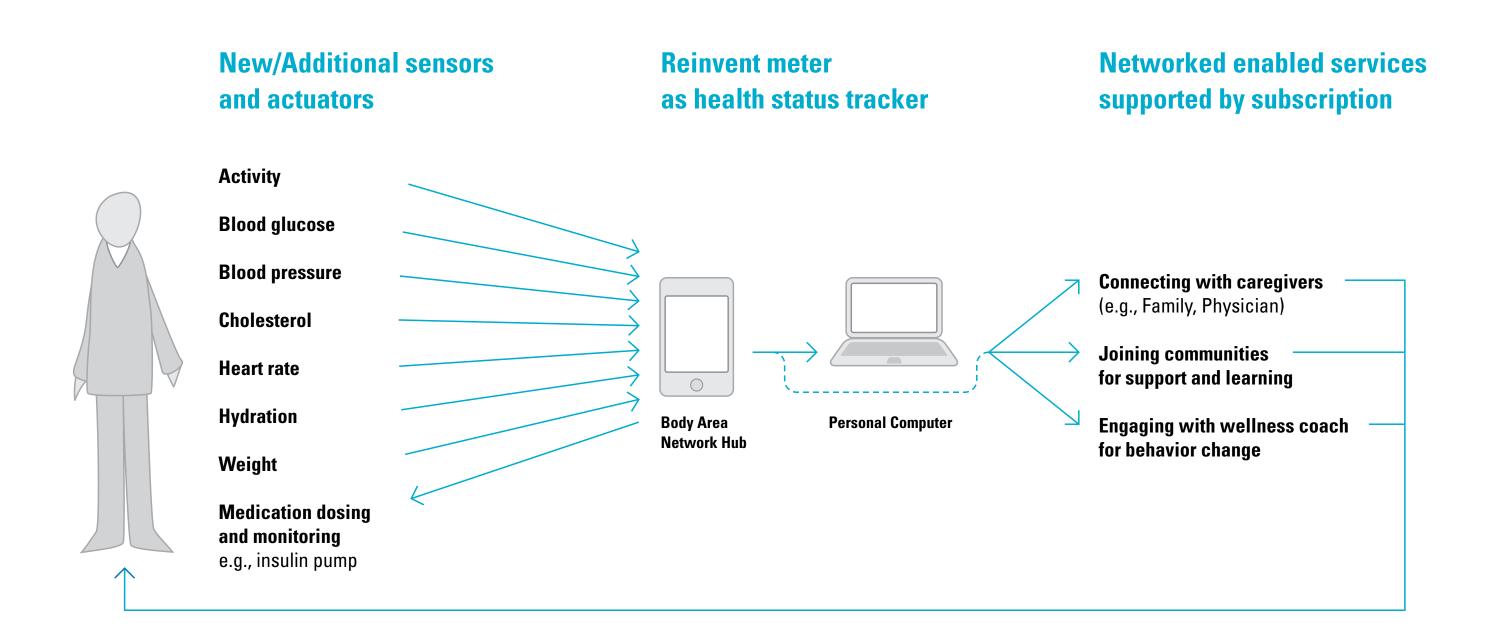
## iPod is not a stand-alone product; it's an integrated system—a **product-service ecology.**



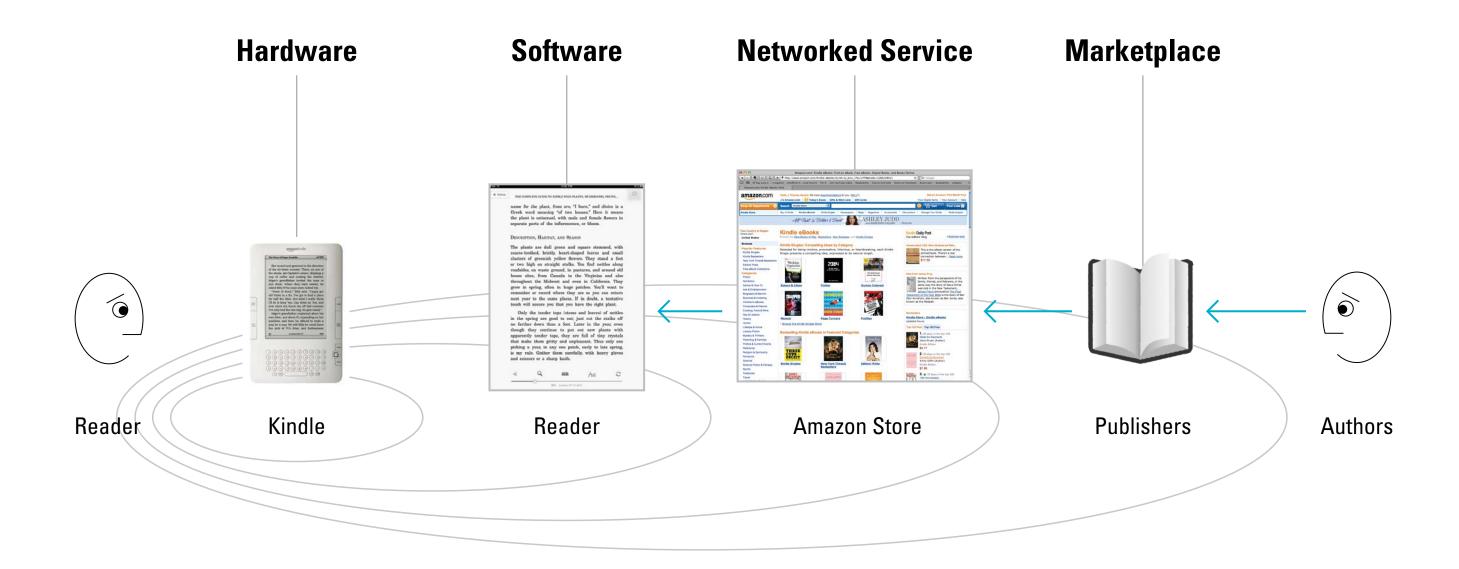
### Apple has cautiously opened its ecology to others—teaming up with Nike to extend the iPod system.



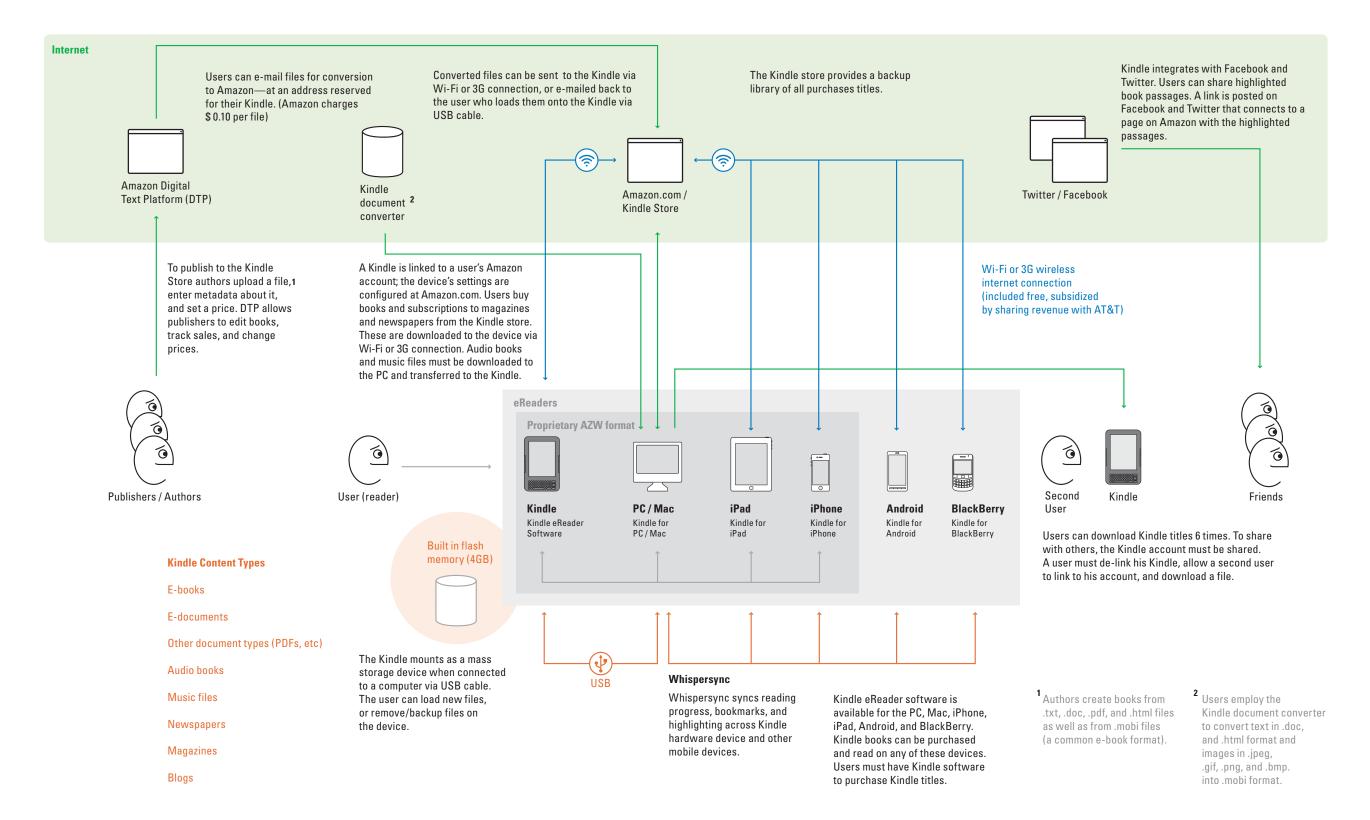
## In just a few years, iPhone and other smartphones will become hubs of **body-area networks**.



## Amazon's Kindle-Reader-Wispernet-Store system is another product-services ecology.



#### In fact, the Kindle ecology is even more complex.



"I think of [the Kindle] as a service.

Part of [it] is of course the hardware,
but really, it's the software, the content,
it's the seamless integration of those things."



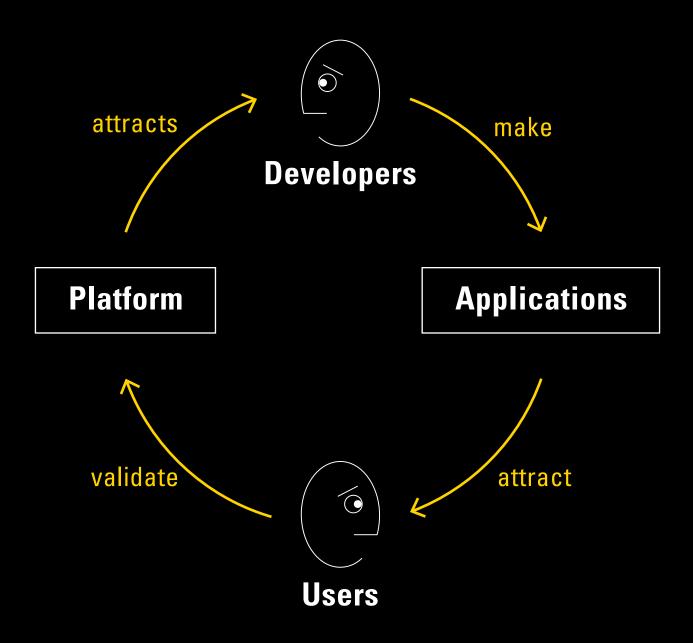
— Jeff Bezos, founder of Amazon

## The role of platforms

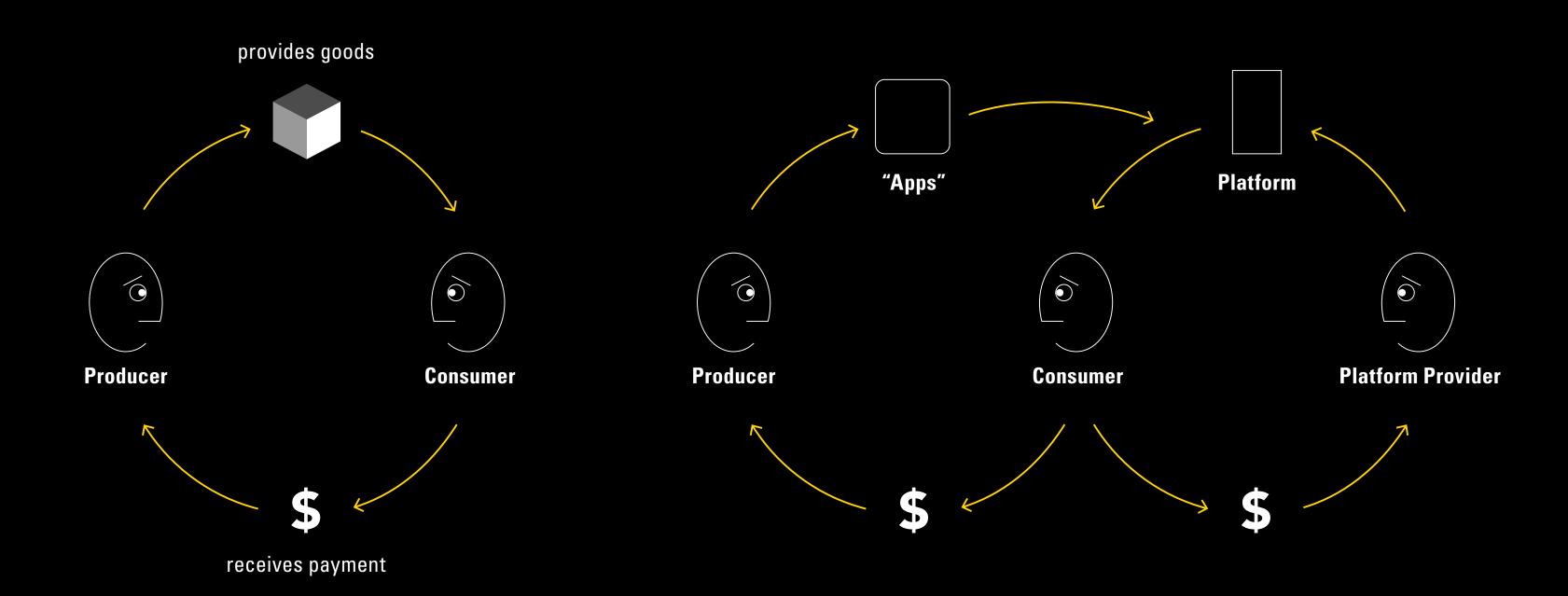
#### The "Space" of Products

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#### Platforms amplify their owners' investment.



#### Businesses create value by enabling others to create value.



Traditional producers

Platform providers

#### Yegge's Law

"A product is useless without a platform, or more precisely and accurately, a platform-less product will always be replaced by an equivalent platform-ized product."

— Steve Yegge, Google, Software Architect



"A 'platform' is a system that can be programmed and therefore customized by outside developers—users—and in that way, adapted to countless needs and niches that the platform's original developers could not have possibly contemplated, much less had time to accommodate."

—Marc Andreessen, founder of Netscape, Opsware, and Ning



A platform is a service on which others can build.

App L2

Platform L1

Applications rely on platforms; but an app itself may be a platform for another higher level app.

App L3

App L2

Platform L2

Platform L1

## Microsoft made a fortune by controlling a "choke point"—the PC OS, linking apps and hardware.

Microsoft's monopoly has lasted more than 30 years.

Local Documents	.doc, .xls, .ppt, etc.
PC Apps	Word, Excel, PowerPoint, etc.
Operating System (OS)	Windows
Processor	8086, 80286, 80386, etc.

## The web threatens Microsoft's monopoly by introducing a new layer.

Web Documents	A, B, C, etc.
Web-based Apps	Amazon, Google, Facebook, etc.
Browser	Chrome, Firefox, IE, Safari
Operating System (OS)	Windows, Mac, Linux, etc.
Processor	Intel, ARM, etc.

## Facebook has turned itself into a platform, enabling developers to offer apps that run in Facebook's site and providing access to user data to apps outside of Facebook.

#### **Apps made by Facebook**

Status update

Photo

Notes

Third party Apps appearing within Facebook

Lexulous Farmville

iLike

Desktop, Web, and Mobile Apps running outside of Facebook, accessing Facebook data

Created by an organization other than Facebook

#### **Facebook Platform**

The user interface of Facebook (the frame in which Apps appear)

#### Facebook Connect

A set of widgets that appear in other websites or applications

**Created by Facebook** 

#### **Facebook Core API**

A computer interface to the Core allows Apps to access user identity, social context, and publish stories.

Back-end created by Facebook

#### **Facebook Core**

Servers and databases Facebook runs on.

## Marc Andreessen's "Three Kinds of Platforms"

## Level 3: Runtime Environment

Level 2: Plug-in API

Level 1: Access API

Online platform runs uploaded code e.g., Ning, Salesforce, Amazon

Plug-in shows up within the platform but runs elsewhere e.g., Facebook

App runs elsewhere; calls data from platform e.g., eBay, PayPal, Flickr

# Apple, Google, and Microsoft are fighting for control of the mobile development platform.

Each hopes to create another 30-year monopoly.

























"We are once again approaching the point at which the Faustian bargain will be made: simply use our facilities, and the complexity will go away. And much as happened during the 1980s, there is more than one company making that promise. We're entering a modern version of 'the Great Game,' the rivalry to control the narrow passes to the promised future of computing."

— Tim O'Reilly, "The State of the Internet Operating System"



## The Internet Operating System—Key Services × Major Players

	Storage	Media Access	Advertising	Payment	Maps	Location	Search	Social	Comm.	Mobile OS	Mobile Hardware	Web Browser
Amazon			•							•		
Apple	•											
Facebook	•	•							•	•		
Google												
Microsoft										•		



# Where Amazon beats Google: **Amazon is a networked platform;** Google is not.

Web-based Applications



Magazines



Pin Boards

**Sub-Reddits** 







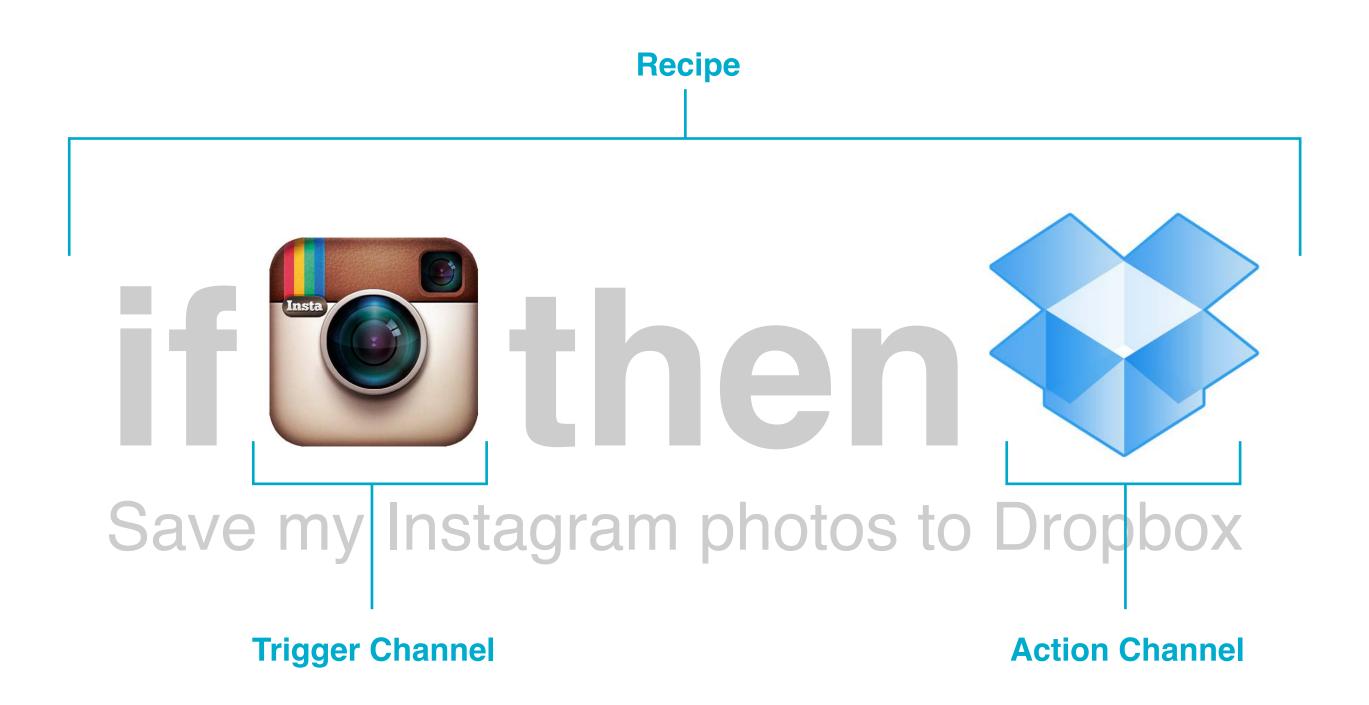
Networked Platform



## Jeff Bezo's "Big Mandate" on Platforms

- 1 All teams will henceforth expose their data and functionality through service interfaces.
- 2 Teams must communicate with each other through these interfaces.
- 3 There will be **no other form of interprocess communication allowed:** no direct linking, no direct reads of another team's data store, no shared-memory model, no back-doors whatsoever. The only communication allowed is via service interface calls over the network.
- 4 It doesn't matter what technology they use. HTTP, Corba, Pubsub, custom protocols—doesn't matter.
- 5 All service interfaces, without exception, must be **designed from the ground up to be externalizable**. That is to say, the team must plan and design to be able to expose the interface to developers in the outside world. No exceptions.
- 6 Anyone who doesn't do this will be fired.

## IFTTT, If This Then That, enables you to set up recipes—automated connections between web-based services.



## IFTTT supports 71 "channels" enabling more than 5000 recipes.















































































































































"A platform is a system
that can be programmed...
the key term in the definition of
platform is 'programmed.'
If you can program it,
then it's a platform.
If you can't, then it's not."

—Marc Andreessen, founder of Netscape, Opsware, and Ning



"Programming" need not mean literally writing code. "Programming" should be "plug and play."



Platforms are not about software alone. Today, hardware must be a platform, and even content can be a platform.

# For example, many types of home-hubs are entering the market.

#### **Security**

#### Media

### **Appliance/Energy**

#### Routers



ADT
Pulse Home Security



Logitech
Harmony 1100 Advanced Universal Remote



Apple
Airport Extreme



**GE**FrontPoint Security Touchscreen



Control4
7" In-Wall Touch Screen with Camera



Nest The Learning Thermostat



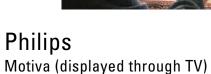
Cisco Linksys EA4500

## The healthcare home hub space is crowded.



Philips







Intel
Health Guide PHS6000



Care Innovations
Guide Tablet



Care Innovations

Telestation



Care Innovations
QuietCare sensors and data communicator



GrandCare Systems
Grandcare Interactive

# Turning to content: "Lost at sea" is a common story told in many ways.

Creates characters and context	Visualizes	Reuses characters and context	Elaborates in great detail	Becomes a platform		
ROBINSON BUSOE	CAST AWAY	GLIGANS SEASON GILIGANS SISLAND	LOST	Fan-made Wiki  Viral Book  Official Website  Viral Website		
Book	Movie	Procedural TV Show	Serial TV Show	Story System		
Robinson Crusoe	Castaway	Gilligan's Island	Lost	Lost franchise		
Read once, rarely again	Watched once, rarely again	Episodes stand alone	All episodes must be watched to make sense of what's going on	Extreme fandom supports participation on many levels, in many forms; creates a "mythology"		

## "Lost" is more than a TV show; it's a content platform.



Fan-made Wiki



**Official Website** 



Video game



**TV Show** 

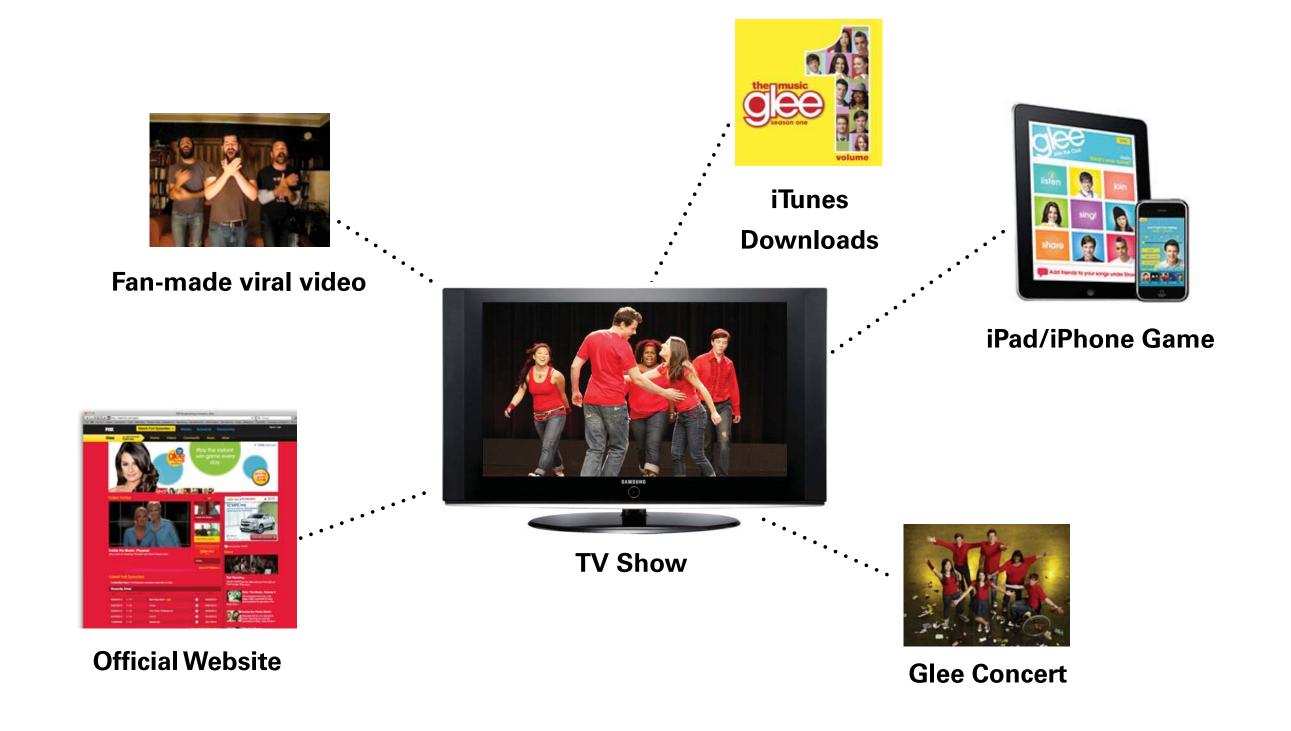


**Viral Book** 

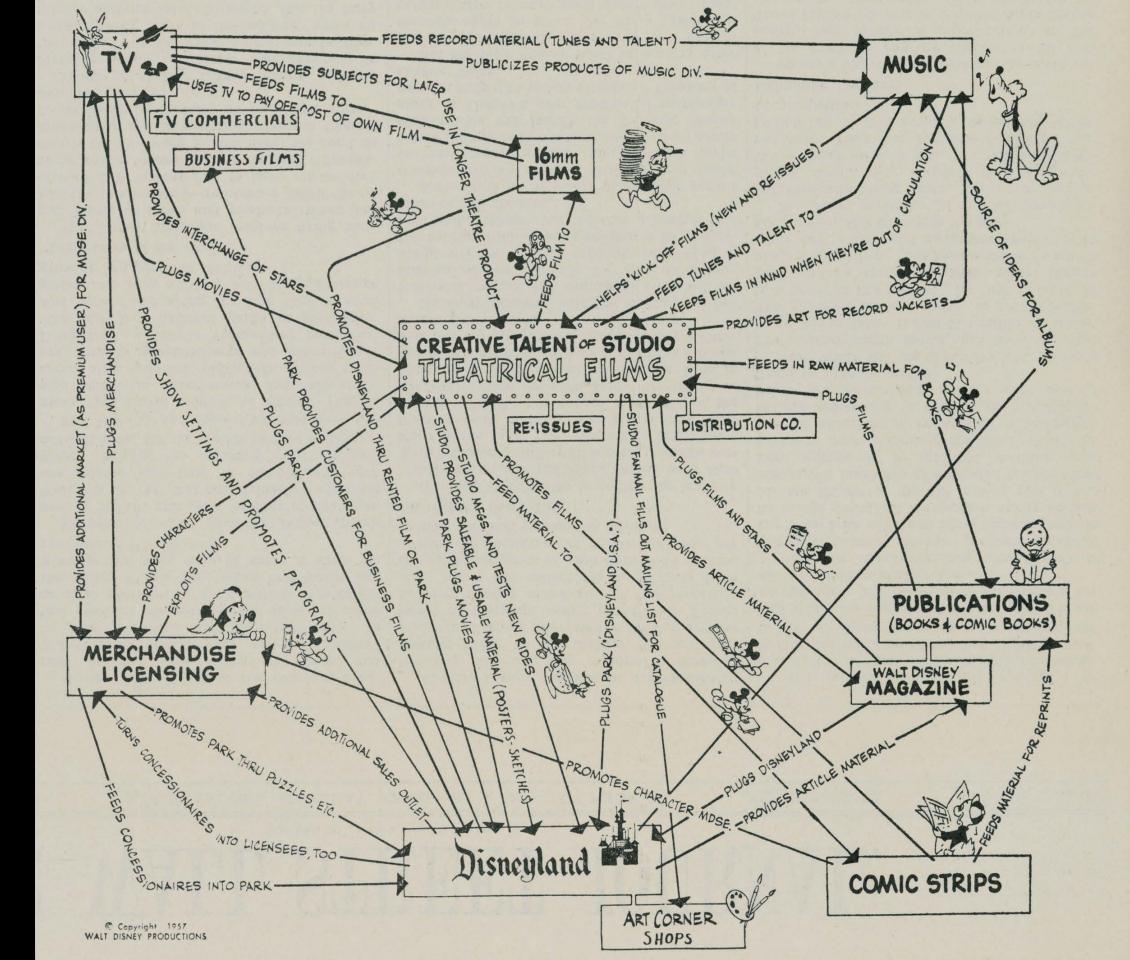


**Viral Website** 

## "Glee" is also a content platform.



Disney understood networked platforms early.



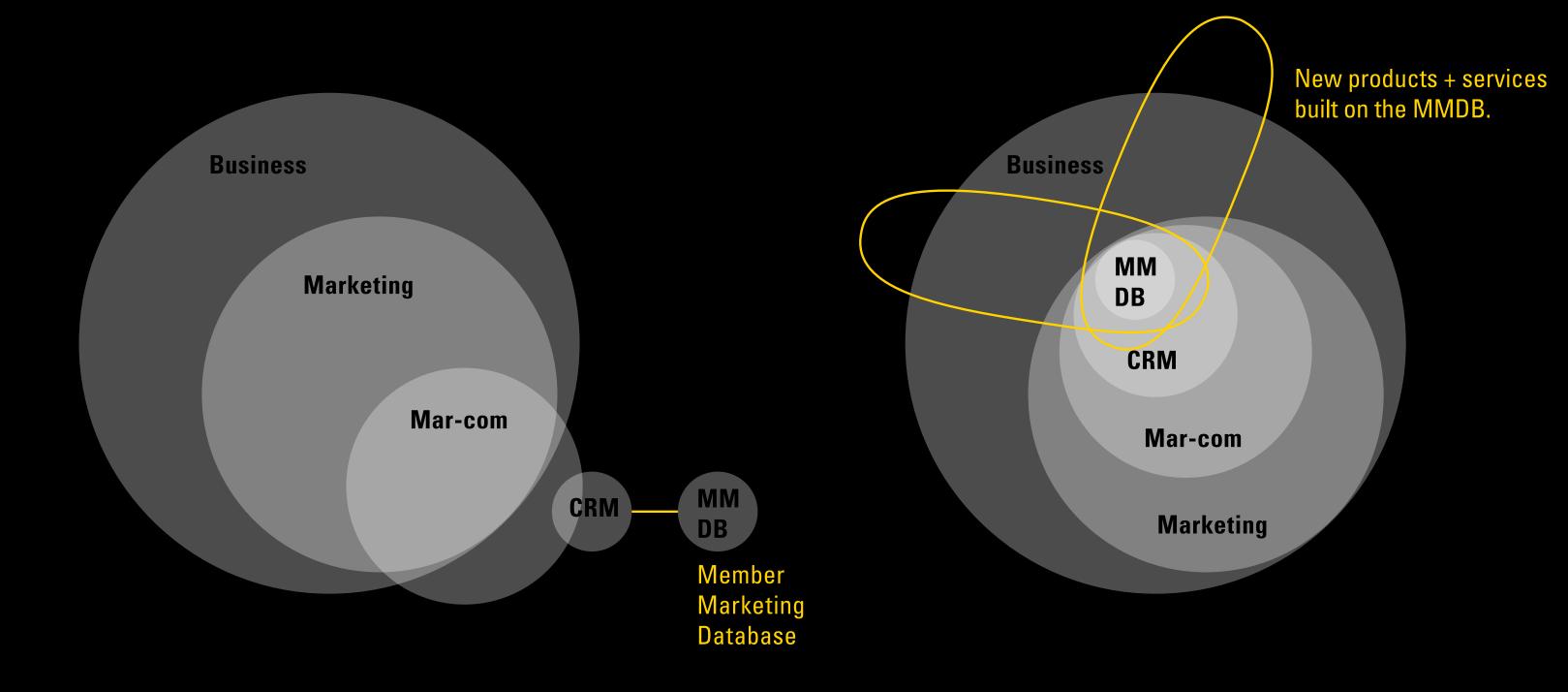
# Some implications

"[The Internet] is a giant machine designed to give people what they want... it offers convenience... speed and cognitive ease."



— Evan Williams, founder of Twitter

## CRM is now core—you have to know your customer.



Existing model of CRM

Emerging model of CRM

## Relevance

The right resources in the right amounts at the right time in the right place

## Identity

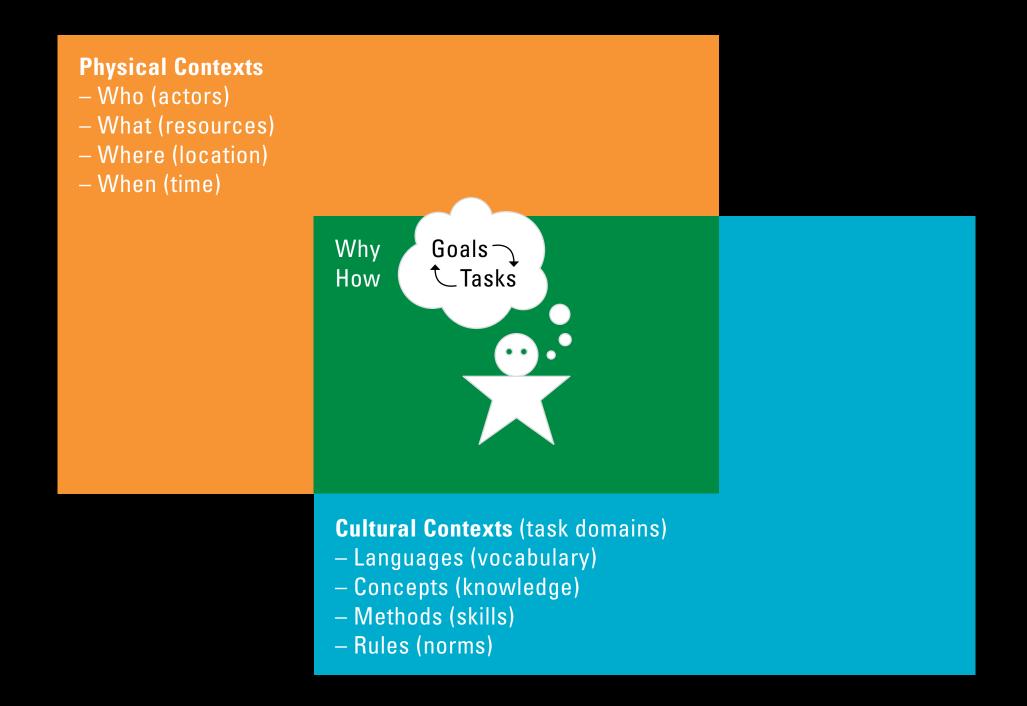
for a person or team



## Context

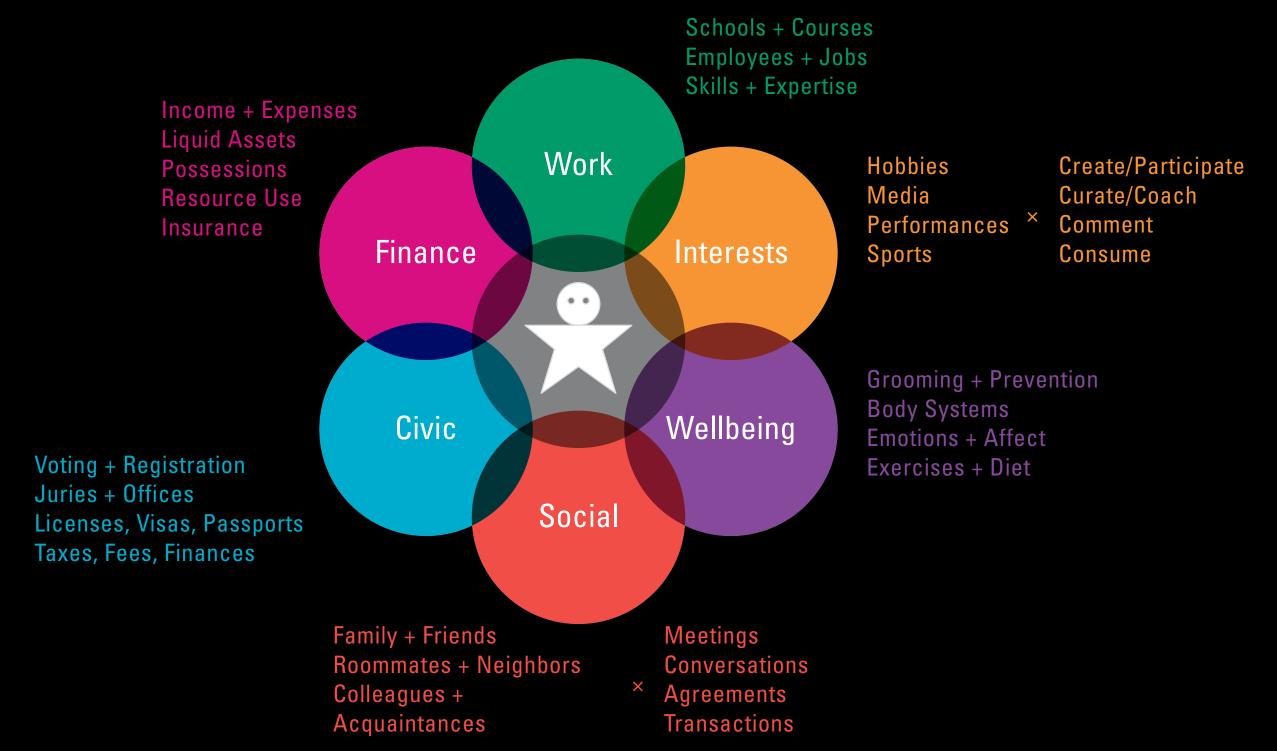
to accomplish
the tasks at hand
without disruption
or loss of flow

## Activities take place within contexts.



**Everything we do** will be logged and analyzed Relevance for patterns. **Community** Context Goals **Identity** Conversation Data **Tracking Analysis** Measures Actions Effects + **Information Tools** Disturbances Coaching

# This massive data collection will be organized into a taxonomy of personal identity.



# Drilling into a sub-categories shows the potential for detail.

uie p	otentiai i	or uetan.			Angiotensin- converting enzyme (ACE)	Normal: 23–57 U/L
				Pituitary gland	Growth hormone	At peak: 5–45 ng/mL Between peaks: < 5 ng/mL
Work					Follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH)	Prepubertal: < 1 – 3 IU/L Adult male: 1–8 IU/L Adult female (follicular & luteal phase): 1–11 IU/L Adult female (ovulation): 6–26 IU/L Post-menopausal female: 30–118 IU/L
	Interests				Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)	Normal: 20–80 pg/mL
		Grooming + Prevention			Prolactin	Female, normal: < 20 ng/mL Male, normal: < 15 ng/mL
	Wellbeing	Body Systems	Cardiovascular	Blood	Blood Glucose	Hypoglycemia: < 3 mmol/l Normal: 3.6–5.8 mmol/l Normal, post-meal: <10 mmol/l
	vvenbenig	Emotions + Affect				Hyperglycemia: > 7 mmol/l (chronicly)
Social		Exercises + Diet			Luteinizing hormone (LH)	Female (peak): 20–75 IU/L emale (post-menopausal): 15–60 IU/L
					Insulin absorption	
					Plasma osmolality	Normal: 275–295 mOsm/kg
Dubberly Design	Office · Ulmel Arstanod knegl Red	efcammaRev3 October 2012		Blood: lipids	Total cholesterol	Desirable: < 200

(hydrocortisone)

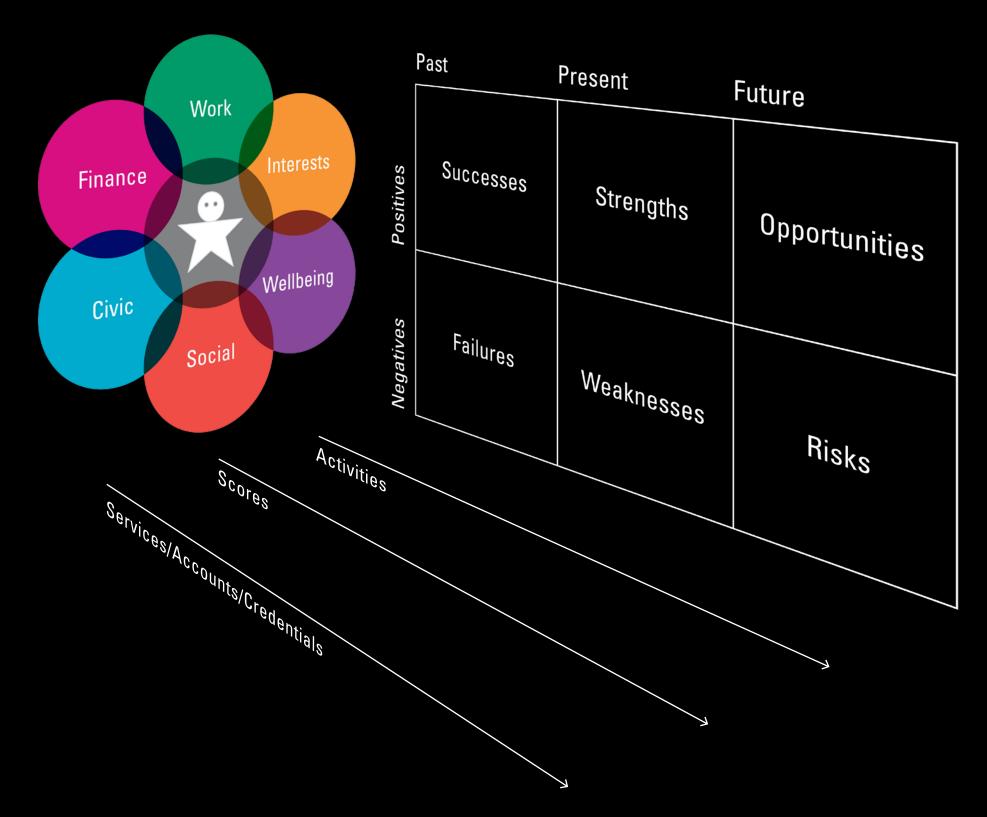
\* See also: ovaries

Normal, PM: 3–17 µg/dL

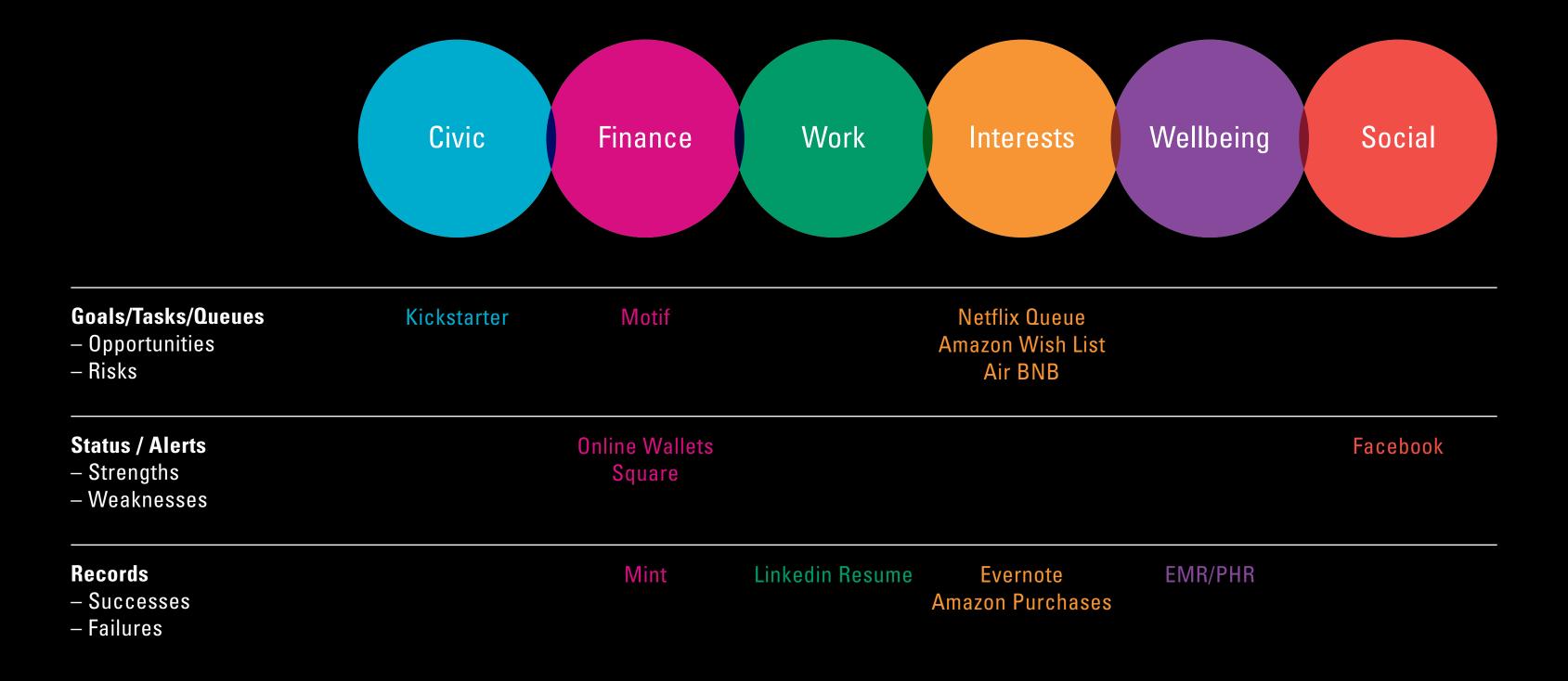
Man, normal: .06–3 mg/L

Hydroxyprogesterone Woman (follicular phase), normal: .2–1 mg/L

## Identity changes over time.



## The space of possible services is sparsely populated.



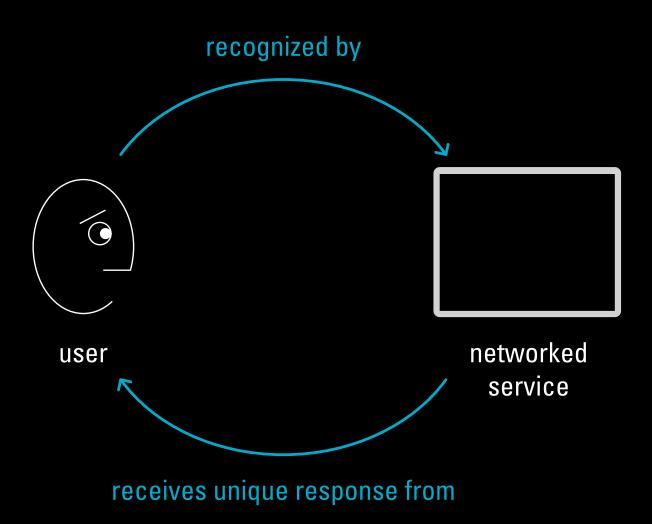
# Ideally, you control your data and vendor relationships. CRM gives way to VRM.

"In the not-too-distant future, you will be able, for example, to change your contact information with many vendors at once, rather than many times, over and over, at many different websites. You will declare your own policies, preferences and terms of engagement—and do it in ways that can be automated both for you and the companies you engage."

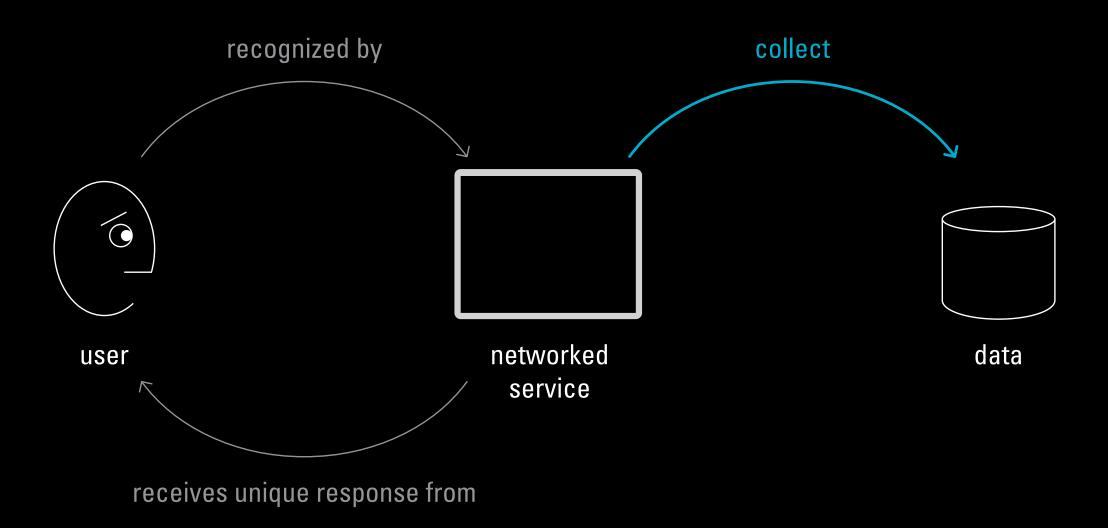
— Doc Searls, "The Customer As A God," WSJ

# What does this mean for developers and product managers?

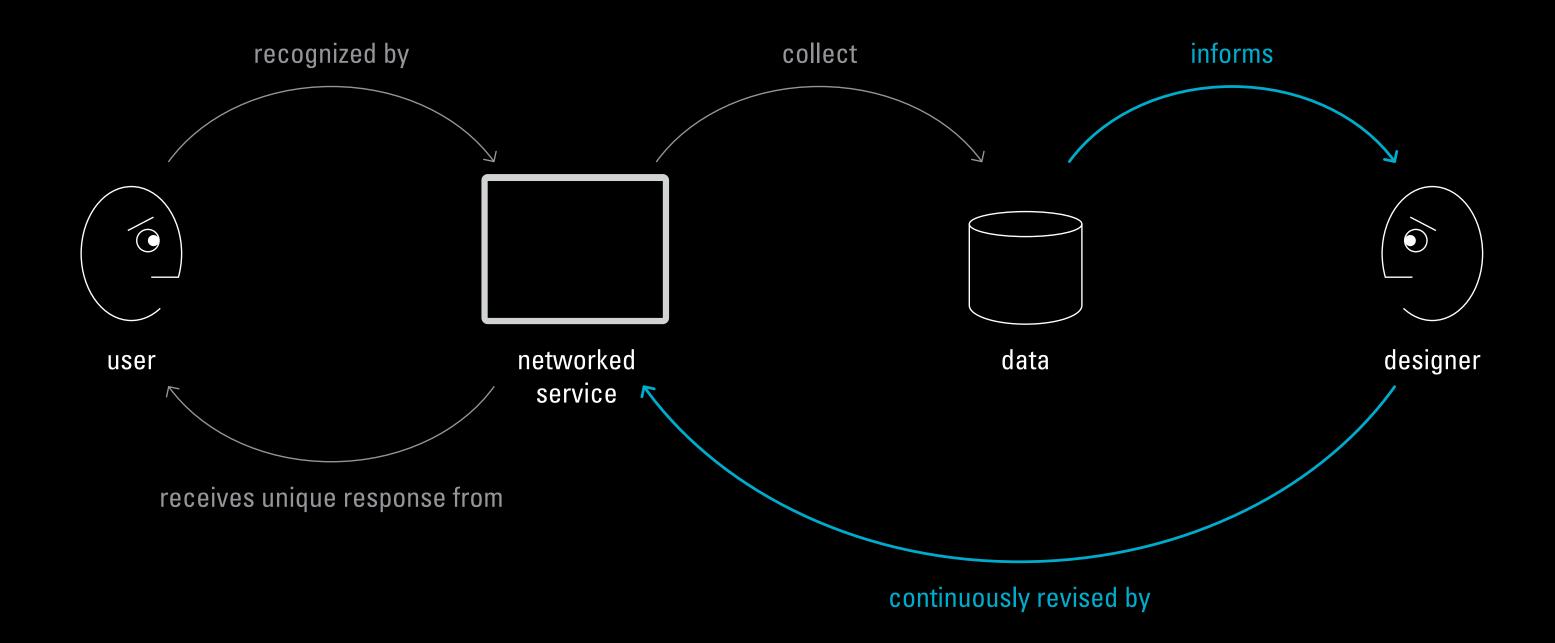
# Networked platforms can recognize their users and respond uniquely.



# Networked platforms collect information as a natural part of operating.



## Networked platforms change continuously.



"... designing networked services requires a new way of thinking about a product and its development."

— Tim Misner, Oracle Software Architect



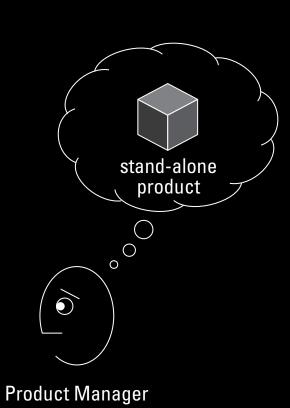
## "... internal discussion changes

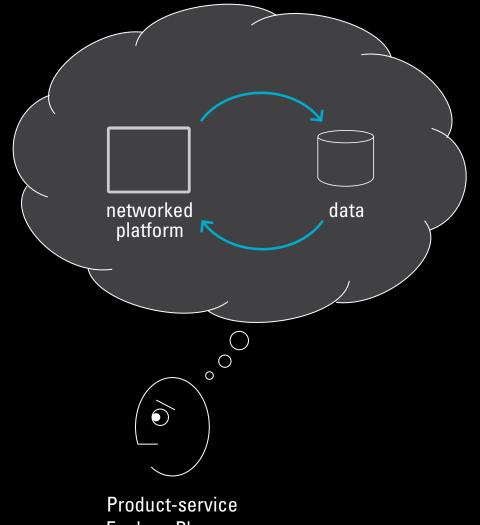
from

'what features or quality level do we think our products need?'

to

'what data can we collect about our features and quality?'"

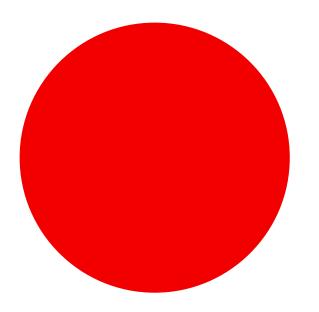




Ecology Planner

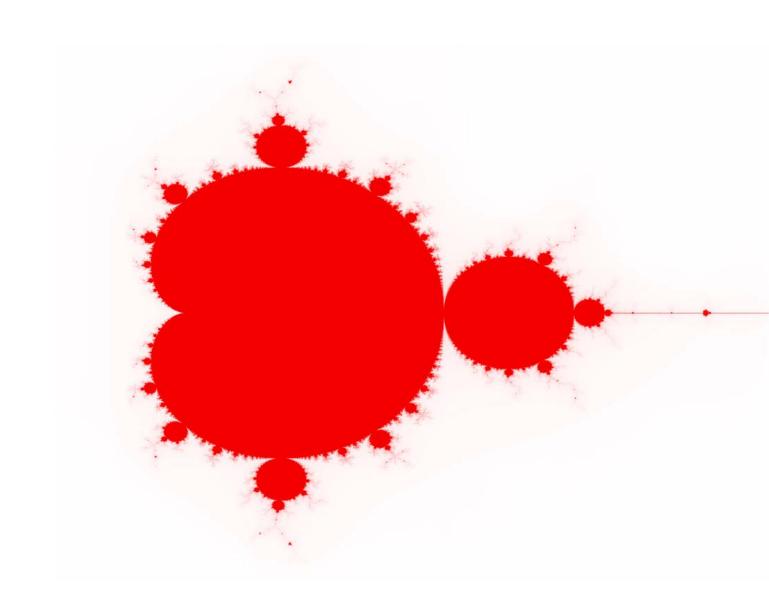
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# Perfecting



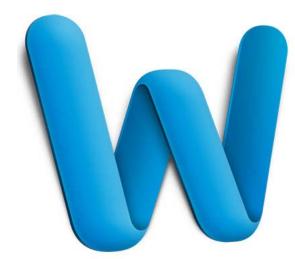
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# Growing



from

Building stand-alone products



ιU

Creating conditions in which ecologies can flourish

Microsoft Word

Google Docs

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hugh@dubberly.com

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